Git Stuff

From here,

“Git is an open source, distributed version control system designed to handle everything from small to very large projects with speed and efficiency.”

Some useful configurations before starting with git. I have this simple script that I run on a new machine I want to work on.

Create, Clone, Add, Commit

Create new repo

```
$ mkdir /path/to/project ; cd /path/to/project ; git init
```

Clone a repo

```
$ git clone git://server/path/to/project.git
```

Add everything in current path to repo

```
$ git add .
```

Add file(s) to repo @ next commit

```
$ git add <file1> <file2>
```

Commit changes added

```
$ git commit
```

Commit ALL changes in currently tracked files

```
$ git commit -a
```

Create/Apply Patches

Create a diff patch

```
$ git diff COMMIT_1 COMMIT_2 > PATCHFILE
```

Apply a diff patch

```
$ git apply < PATCHFILE
```

Create a formatted patch (can also use -n where n is the number of previous commits to create patches for)

```
$ git format-patch -o /path/to/patches/ -1
```

Apply a formatted patch

```
$ git am < PATCHFILE
```

Apply a formatted patch (create new date)

```
$ git am --ignore-date < PATCHFILE
```

Create formatted patches (note: sha1id1..sha1id2 is the range of commits used to create patches)

```
$ git format-patch -o /path/to/patches/ sha1id1..sha1id2
```

To rename created patch(es) with commit timestamp

```
 for a in *.patch ; do l=$(cat $a|grep 'Date: ') ; d=$(date +"%Y%m%d%H%M%S"
-d "${l#*: }") ; mv $a "$d${a:4}" ; done
```

To apply the patches (stopping on error)

```
for a in ~/temp/patches/*.patch ; do git am <$a ; [ $? -ne 0 ] && break;
done
```

Branching/Merging

Create new local branch

```
$ git branch <local-branch>
```

Remove local branch (-D to force)

```
$ git branch -d <local-branch>
```

Create a local branch to track remote branch

```
$ git checkout --track -b <local-branch> <remote-branch>
```

Set current local branch to track a remote branch

```
$ git branch -u <remote>/<branch>
```

Basic Management

Checkout specific commit

```
$ git checkout COMMIT
```

Force reset to a specific commit

```
$ git reset --hard [COMMIT]
```

Clean up untracked file(s)/folder(s)

```
$ git clean -f -d
```

Re-committing to add forgotten items

```
$ git reset --soft HEAD^
# <do the forgotten thingy, if necessary do a git add>
$ git commit
```

Changing First Commit Message

```
# checkout the root commit
git checkout <sha1-of-root>
# amend the commit
git commit --amend
# rebase all the other commits in master onto the amended root
git rebase --onto HEAD HEAD master
```

Manage Tag(s)

```
# git tag
# git tag <newtag>
# git tag -d <oldtag>

# git fetch --tags
# git push --tags

# (this works on github - unknown elsewhere)
# git push <remote> :<oldtag>
```

Other commands:

```
# git config --list
# git config remote.origin.url NEW_URL
# git pull ANOTHER_URL master

# git branch -vv
# git branch -u <remote>/<remote_branch> <local_branch>
```

```
# git bundle create <somefile> HEAD
# git pull <somefile> HEAD

# git archive --format=tar --prefix=<folder-prefix>/ <tag/commit> | gzip
>/path/to/tarball-release.tar.gz
```

Merge to master branch while on other branch (without checkout):

```
# git fetch . <src_branch>:master
```

Check log for master branch while on other branch (without checkout):

```
# git log master
```

Merge specific file(s) from another branch

```
# git checkout <src_branch> file1 [file2 file3...]
```

Create a GIT repository on shared hosting (with SSH access) and publish through HTTP

```
# sshfs -p <ssh-port> -o workaround=rename user@server:public_html
/local/mount/path
# cd /local/mount/path
# mkdir repo
# cd repo
# git clone --bare /local/repo <repo-name>
# cd <repo-name>
# git --bare update-server-info
# cp hooks/post-update.sample hooks/post-update
```

Running GIT Daemon:

```
git daemon --reuseaddr --base-path=/path/to/repos --export-all --verbose --
enable=receive-pack
```

Advanced Git

Merging two different repositories with histories intact (the new one on top of the old)

- assuming repoA and repoB (repoB the same project with different code-base)
- we want to have repoB override repoA, but want to keep repoA history within that project
- so, first create a remote on repoA pointing to repoB
    - `git remote add <repoB_name> <repoB_url>`
- fetch repoB history?
    - `git fetch --all`

- here is where we overwrite repoA (but keep the history…)
    - `git merge repoB_name/master --strategy-option theirs --allow-unrelated-histories`

Rescuing from `git reset –hard`

Note: *This DOES NOT work all the time, I guess… because `git reset –hard` should remove every record. But, this may… (and in my case, once, did) work.*

```
git reset HEAD@{1}
```

Remove remote branch

```
git push origin --delete {branch}
```

If the remote branch has been removed, use this to remove local reference

```
git remote update origin --prune
```

Prepare diff with binary content

```
git diff-index master --binary >bin.patch
```

List tracked files (recursively)

```
git ls-tree --name-only -r <branch>
```

List untracked files

```
git ls-tree --others
```

List ignored files

```
git ls-files --ignored --exclude-standard
```

Local Management

Fetch updates from downstream (assume in branch staging)

```
$ for that in $(find . -not \( -path "./.git/*" -prune \) -type f) ; do git checkout staging ${that:2} ; done
```

Dumping ground… will sort this out later…

```
# list github remote
here=$(pwd) ; for a in $(find $here -mindepth 1 -maxdepth 1 -type d) ; do base=$(basename $a) ; pick= ; for b in $(cat ~/temp/github.txt) ; do [
```

```
"$base" = "$(basename $b)" ] && pick=$b && break ; done ; [ ! -z "$pick" ]
&& continue ; pick=$a ; cd $pick ; what=$(git remote -v | grep -e "^github"
| grep fetch) ; [ -z "$what" ] && continue ; echo "-- REMOVE!
($pick)($what)" ; done ; cd $here

# list & remove github remote
here=$(pwd) ; for a in $(find $here -mindepth 1 -maxdepth 1 -type d) ; do
base=$(basename $a) ; pick= ; for b in $(cat ~/temp/github.txt) ; do [
"$base" = "$(basename $b)" ] && pick=$b && break ; done ; [ ! -z "$pick" ]
&& continue ; pick=$a ; cd $pick ; what=$(git remote -v | grep -e "^github"
| grep fetch) ; [ -z "$what" ] && continue ; echo "-- REMOVE!
($pick)($what)" ; git remote rm github ; done ; cd $here

# list github branch
here=$(pwd) ; for a in $(find $here -mindepth 1 -maxdepth 1 -type d) ; do
base=$(basename $a) ; pick= ; for b in $(cat ~/temp/github.txt) ; do [
"$base" = "$(basename $b)" ] && pick=$b && break ; done ; [ ! -z "$pick" ]
&& continue ; pick=$a ; cd $pick ; what=$(git branch | grep github) ; [ -z
"$what" ] && continue ; that=$(git remote -v | grep -e "^github" | grep
fetch) ; [ ! -z "$that" ] && continue ;  echo "-- Branch: $pick ($what)" ;
done ; cd $here

# list & remove github branch
here=$(pwd) ; for a in $(find $here -mindepth 1 -maxdepth 1 -type d) ; do
base=$(basename $a) ; pick= ; for b in $(cat ~/temp/github.txt) ; do [
"$base" = "$(basename $b)" ] && pick=$b && break ; done ; [ ! -z "$pick" ]
&& continue ; pick=$a ; cd $pick ; what=$(git branch | grep github) ; [ -z
"$what" ] && continue ; that=$(git remote -v | grep -e "^github" | grep
fetch) ; [ ! -z "$that" ] && continue ;  echo "-- Branch: $pick ($what)" ;
git branch -D github  ; done ; cd $here
```

From:
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